

# APPLICATION FOR PERMIT TO BUILD

32' J  
33 U.

Street No. 3200 J. Lot / East End Addr \_\_\_\_\_ Block 33

Owner C. J. Whitney Address 3200 J.

Architect \_\_\_\_\_ Address \_\_\_\_\_

Contractor Orin Address \_\_\_\_\_

Kind of Building Frame 1 Story Dry

Foundation \_\_\_\_\_

Permit <u>8261</u>
Date <u>7/20/21</u>
D.J. Harris

	Girder		Span		Mud Sills	
	1st Floor	2nd Floor	3rd Floor	4th Floor	5th Floor	6th Floor
Joists	<div style="font-size: 2em; font-family: cursive;">                     Ply Frame Wood Deck                      on Beam - 1" x 4" spaced                      Comp. Lvl. in 2nd story                 </div>					
Max. Span						
Bearing Partitions						
Non Bearing Partitions						
Story Height						
Outside Walls						
Ceiling Joists	Span					
Roof	Rafters					
Water Heater	Chimney					
Size of Building—Length	Width		Height			

It is hereby agreed that this building will be constructed in conformity with the Ordinances of the City of Sacramento and the Laws of the State of California.

ESTIMATED COST, \$ 40

Plans must be submitted

C. J. Whitney  
OWNER OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.

1. The first part of the document is a letter from the author to the editor, dated 10/10/1954. The letter is addressed to the Editor of the Journal of the Royal Society of Medicine, and is signed by the author, who is identified as a member of the Society. The letter discusses the author's interest in the subject of the paper and expresses a desire to contribute to the journal.

2. The second part of the document is the title page of the paper, which is titled "The Effect of the Administration of Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> on the Blood Picture in Pernicious Anemia". The author's name, "J. H. M. [Name]", is listed below the title.

3. The third part of the document is the abstract, which summarizes the main findings of the study. It states that the administration of Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> to patients with pernicious anemia results in a significant improvement in the blood picture, including an increase in hemoglobin and a decrease in the number of abnormal red blood cells.

4. The fourth part of the document is the introduction, which provides a brief overview of the clinical condition of pernicious anemia and the role of Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> in its treatment. It mentions that the study was conducted in a hospital setting and that the patients were carefully monitored throughout the course of the treatment.

5. The fifth part of the document is the main body of the paper, which details the methods used in the study, the results of the blood tests, and the author's conclusions. The author notes that the improvement in the blood picture was observed in all patients who received the Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> treatment, and that the effects were sustained over the period of the study.

6. The sixth part of the document is the conclusion, which reiterates the author's findings and suggests that the administration of Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> is an effective treatment for pernicious anemia. The author also mentions that further research is needed to determine the optimal dosage and duration of treatment.

7. The seventh part of the document is the references, which list the other scientific papers and books that the author consulted during the course of the study. These references provide additional context and support for the author's findings.

8. The eighth part of the document is the acknowledgments, where the author expresses his gratitude to the staff of the hospital and the members of the Society for their assistance and support during the course of the study.

9. The ninth part of the document is the closing remarks, where the author expresses his hope that the findings of the study will be helpful to other clinicians and researchers in the field of hematology.

10. The final part of the document is the signature of the author, who is identified as a member of the Society. The signature is written in ink and is located at the bottom right of the page.