

DEPARTMENT OF POLICE

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April 16, 2001 Ref: 4-43

Law and Legislation Committee Sacramento, California

Honorable Members in Session:

SUBJECT: State of California - Psychiatric Emergency Response pilot program Assembly Bill 1566 (AB 1566) Support Letter

LOCATION AND COUNCIL DISTRICT: City-wide

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that the Law and Legislation Committee review and recommend for City Council approval the attached proposed letter of support for a California State Legislature bill pertaining to the implementation of a three-year psychiatric emergency response pilot program in Sacramento County, Assembly Bill 1566.

CONTACT PERSONSChief Arturo Venegas, Jr. – 264-5121Tina Lee-Vogt, ASO – 264-7346

FOR COMMITTEE MEETING OF May 3, 2001

SUMMARY

This report provides information on a bill now active before the California State Legislature, Assembly Bill 1566 (AB 1566). If passed and approved by the Governor, this bill would appropriate funds to implement a three-year psychiatric emergency response pilot program in Sacramento County.

The mission of the Sacramento Police Department is to work in partnership with the Community to protect life and property; solve neighborhood problems, and enhance the quality of life in our City.

COMMITTEE/COMMISSION ACTION

None.

BACKGROUND

Existing law requires that each county have a plan for the provision of community health services. AB 1566 would create the Psychiatric Emergency Response pilot program. The State Department of Mental Health, in conjunction with the Sacramento County Sheriff's Department, the Sacramento Police Department, and local mental health agencies in Sacramento County would be required to design and implement a three year pilot project for the program. To implement the program, a total of \$5.37 million would be appropriated from the state budget.

Police Department patrol officers are often the first responding treatment providers when people with mental illness are in crisis. Unfortunately, our officers are often ill-equipped to adequately handle these crises. Further, many are unfamiliar with the mental illnesses presented and the various treatment options available. The intent of this legislation is to provide a more efficient and cost effective program to ensure that individuals with mental illness receive proper care and attention. The Police Department recommends City Council support of the this legislation.

FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

To implement the Psychiatric Emergency Response pilot program, a total of \$5.37 million would be appropriated from the State budget. The Police Department would not require any additional City funds to participate in the program.

POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

Support of this legislation is consistent with the City's efforts to enhance the quality of life for its residents.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

The actions recommended in this report are exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act according to CEQA guidelines Section 15378(3)(b)(1).

ESBD CONSIDERATIONS

None. No goods or services are being purchased.

Respectfully submitted, TURO V /ENEGA Chief of Police

RECOMMENDATION APPROVED:

ROBERT P. THOMAS City Manager

Attachments Draft letter of Support AB 1566

AV:tlv

Date

The Honorable Dave Cox California State Assembly State Capitol Sacramento, CA 95814

Dear Assembly Member Cox:

SUBJECT: Assembly Bill 1566

On behalf of the City of Sacramento, it is my pleasure to offer this letter of support for Senate Bill 27 which would appropriate funds to implement a three-year psychiatric emergency response pilot program in Sacramento County.

If approved, SB 27 would provide \$5.37 million to implement the Psychiatric Emergency Response pilot program. This legislation would allow the Sacramento Sheriff's Department and the Sacramento Police Department to work more closely with the State Department of Health and local mental health agencies to provide a more efficient and cost effective program to ensure that individuals with mental illness receive proper care and attention.

Thank you for sponsoring this significant public safety legislation.

Sincerely

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1566

Introduced by Assembly Member Cox

February 23, 2001

An act to add Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 5551) to Part 1 of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, relating to mental health.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1566, as introduced, Cox. Mental health: Psychiatric Emergency Response program: Sacramento County.

Existing law requires that each county have a plan for the provision of community mental health services.

This bill would make various legislative findings and declarations regarding the number of people with mental illness who come into contact with members of law enforcement; the inadequacy of law enforcement personnel to appropriately deal with these persons and make adequate mental health referrals; the financial burden placed on the court, probation and law enforcement systems as a result of this problem; and the need for the teaming of law enforcement officers with licensed mental health clinicians to deal with persons with mental illness who come into contact with members of law enforcement.

This bill would create the Psychiatric Emergency Response pilot program, which would require the State Department of Mental Health, in conjunction with the Sacramento County Sheriff's Department, the City of Sacramento Police Department, and local mental health agencies in Sacramento County, with the consent of the county, to design and implement a 3-year pilot project in which the County of Sacramento would contract with a corporation that specializes in

AB 1566 -2-

enabling local agencies to establish psychiatric emergency response teams as described.

This bill would require that the State Department of Mental Health, in collaboration with the other agencies involved, report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2003, and January 1, 2004, as prescribed.

This bill would express the intent of the Legislature that state funding for purposes of this bill be appropriated in the Budget Act.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. The Legislature finds and declares all of the 2 following:

3 (a) The population of people with mental illness and homeless 4 people with mental illness in Sacramento County has increased every year, while treatment and services available to these people 5 have decreased as a result of budget cutbacks. As a result of the 6 increased population of people with mental illness and the 7 concomitant reduction in services, the jails in the county have 8 9 become the de facto treatment site of people with mental illness. 10 (b) Patrol officers of the Sacramento County Sheriff's Department and the Sacramento City Police Department are often 11 12 the first responding treatment providers when people with mental illness are in crisis. Responding to these calls is time-consuming 13 14 for officers, who are often ill-equipped to deal with the crises 15 presented. Patrol officers' time is often diverted from their primary duty of performing criminal investigations. Further, 16 patrol officers, most of whom are unfamiliar with the mental 17 18 illnesses presented and the various treatment options available for 19 persons with mental illness, will often choose incarceration or unnecessary hospitalization at the Sacramento County Mental 20 Health Treatment Center. 21 22 (c) The Sacramento County Sheriff's Department responds to 23 approximately 525 calls per month involving persons with mental

24 illness. While some of these calls are dispatched to officers as ones involving the necessity of a 72-hour hold and evaluation pursuant to the Lanterman-Petris-Short Act, often the calls actually involve people with mental illness, but are dispatched as matters involving

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incorrigible children, the need for providing assistance to the fire
 department, being drunk in public, defrauding an innkeeper,
 disturbances involving a customer, welfare checks, and suicide
 attempts.

5 (d) The Sacramento County Sheriff's Department and the City 6 of Sacramento Police Department are required to deal with an 7 increasing population of persons, and homeless persons, with 8 mental illness. These people are often charged with minor crimes 9 such as failure to pay the fare for public transportation, failure to 10 appear in court, or camping illegally by the river. These people have often failed to take their medication, and are in crisis when 11 arrested. This population is cycling through the criminal justice 12 13 system at twice the rate of offenders who do not have a mental 14 illness.

(e) Persons with mental illness often come to the attention of
law enforcement as a result of the reporting of nuisance crimes.
The responding officer will often arrest and book the person as the
disposition of the matter, when a mental health referral would be
the appropriate disposition.

20 (f) In March 1999, the Mentally Ill Offender Crime Reduction 21 Grant Program reported an average of 150 people per day were 22 booked into the Sacramento County jail system. Arrest data 23 revealed that 13.5 percent of those arrested in a year had previously 24 received treatment from county mental health inpatient and 25 outpatient programs. The program concluded that approximately 26 9,720 persons arrested every year have mental health issues. This 27 figure is likely an underestimate because the program identified as 28 having mental health issues only those people who had utilized the 29 public mental health system.

30 (g) In a 10-day study conducted in April 1995, the Department 31 of Psychiatry for the University of California at Davis reported 32 that 19.5 percent of arrestees booked into the main jail in 33 Sacramento had prior admissions to Sacramento County mental 34 health facilities. The majority of the arrests were for 35 misdemeanors (66 percent), and a large number were as a result of the commission of violations involving alcohol or drugs (45 36 37 percent).

(h) The results of the 1995 study of the University of
California, Davis, show that arrestees with mental health histories
were more likely to be homeless (7 percent) than arrestees without

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1 a mental health history. It is estimated that 40 percent of homeless

2 individuals encountered by patrol officers have a history of mental
3 health treatment. An eight-day study of admissions to the

4 Sacramento County Mental Health Treatment Center in October

5 1999 revealed that 13 percent of all admissions of persons

6 precipitated by law enforcement officers were of people who were

7 homeless. Based on this finding, in one year, law enforcement

8 officers will admit as many as 676 homeless patients into the 9 treatment center.

10 (i) In dispatch calls involving a mentally ill person who has not 11 committed a crime and does not meet the criteria required to place 12 the person on a 72-hour hold for evaluation, an officer may do 13 nothing more than attempt to mediate the problem as a result of the 14 officer's lack of expertise in mental health issues and referral 15 options. The officer's inability to provide adequate mental health 16 service often results in repeated calls for service dealing with the 17 same person with mental illness.

18 (i) Conversely, many persons with mental illness may be placed under 72-hour holds unnecessarily and when another 19 20 disposition would be more appropriate for the person, such as a 21 referral to one of the various programs in the county. The 22 Sacramento County Mental Health Treatment Center Crisis Unit 23 receives an average of 700 admissions per month. Sixty to 70 24 percent of these admissions are people brought in by law 25 enforcement, at an average cost of \$1,700 per admission. Thus, 26 inappropriate response by law enforcement officers to persons 27 with mental illness has a significant impact on the Sacramento 28 County Mental Health System.

29 (k) A typical call involving a person with mental illness can 30 take two officers out of service for up to one hour each, and for an 31 additional hour if the person needs to be transported to the 32 Sacramento County Mental Health Treatment Center. Additional 33 time may be required when medical clearance is necessary as a 34 result of, for example, inebriation, a preexisting medical 35 condition, or a suicide attempt. A police or sheriff's unit may be taken out of service for up to five hours as a result of a call 36 37 involving a person with a mental illness.

38 (1) A policy paper published by the Pacific Research
39 Foundation estimates the cost of using the criminal justice system
40 as a treatment option, and often the first or only treatment option,

1 for persons with mental illness, costs the county up to \$53,000,0002 per year, as follows:

3 (1) Ten million six hundred thousand dollars (\$10,600,000) for 4 the county jail.

5 (2) Two million two hundred eighty thousand dollars 6 (\$2,280,000) for the probation department.

7 (3) Seven million six hundred thousand dollars (\$7,600,000)

8 for patrol services for the Sacramento County Sheriff's 9 Department.

10 (4) Twenty-one million dollars (\$21,000,000) for patrol 11 services for the City of Sacramento Police Department.

12 (5) Eleven million nine hundred thousand dollars 13 (\$11,900,000) for the courts.

14 (m) Persons with mental illness are ultimately the 15 responsibility of the mental health system. Without specialized 16 training or assistance from the mental health system, law 17 enforcement officers are ill-equipped and ill-prepared to 18 effectively and appropriately handle persons suffering from 19 mental illness.

20 (n) When a person in our society has a medical emergency and 21 authorities are contacted, highly trained paramedics respond to 22 provide emergency medical treatment and transportation to a 23 hospital where appropriate treatment may be administered by 24 people trained to administer the treatment. When a person in our 25 society has a psychiatric emergency and authorities are contacted, an officer who is minimally trained in psychiatric assessment and 26 27 treatment options will respond and will typically choose to arrest 28 and book the person, transport the person to the county mental 29 health hospital, or do nothing, which often results in further calls 30 to authorities.

31 (o) The Legislature recognizes the importance of developing a 32 cooperative program, involving both members of law 33 enforcement and the mental health system, to properly manage, treat, and provide appropriate referrals to persons with mental 34 illness who come into contact with members of law enforcement. 35 36 SEC. 2. It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this act 37 to require the State Department of Mental Health, in conjunction 38 with the City and County of Sacramento to design and implement 39 a three-year pilot program involving both members of law enforcement and the mental health system, to properly manage, 40

AB 1566

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treat, and provide appropriate referrals to persons with mental
 illness who come into contact with members of law enforcement.
 SEC. 3. Chapter 7 (commencing with Section 5551) is added
 to Part 1 of Division 5 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, to read:
 CHAPTER 7. PSYCHIATRIC EMERGENCY RESPONSE PILOT

Program

9 5551. The State Department of Mental Health shall, in 10 conjunction with the Sacramento County Sheriff's Department, the City of Sacramento Police Department, and local mental health 11 12 agencies in Sacramento County, with the consent of the city and 13 county, design and oversee the implementation of a three-year 14 pilot program to provide, through a team approach between law enforcement and a corporation providing psychiatric emergency 15 response consultation services, for a psychiatric emergency 16 17 response team pilot program.

18 5551.1. (a) In order to implement this program, the county 19 shall contract with a corporation with expertise in training law 20 enforcement to work with mentally ill individuals and in enabling 21 local agencies to establish psychiatric emergency response teams. 22 The program provided for under this chapter shall require 23 adequate training of law enforcement officers, and adequate 24 teaming with licensed mental health clinicians, in order to 25 establish psychiatric emergency response teams that will refer 26 individuals to needed services.

27 (b) The purpose of the program provided for under this chapter, 28 shall be to provide mobile crisis intervention to individuals who 29 are experiencing mental health crises involving contact law 30 enforcement. The program shall be designed and implemented to 31 achieve the goal of increasing safe and effective responses and 32 services to persons with mental illness who come into contact with 33 law enforcement, while reducing unnecessary incarceration or 34 hospitalization, increasing public safety, decreasing unnecessary arrests and prosecutions of persons with mental illness, and 35 36 returning patrol officers to service more quickly.

37 (c) Each psychiatric emergency response team shall consist of38 a law enforcement officer and a licensed mental health clinician.

5551.2. The Sacramento County Sheriff's Department and
 the Sacramento City Police Department shall each provide all of
 the following:

4 (a) Officers to be trained and function as team members 5 pursuant to the program. These officers shall complete a training 6 academy in psychiatric emergency response. These officers shall 7 also work closely with the corporation providing the services, the 8 department, and law enforcement agencies that may be involved 9 in the program.

10 (b) Patrol vehicles and a work area at each station to house the 11 teams.

12 (c) Initial employee background investigations for clinical 13 staff. These investigations shall be the equivalent of a civilian 14 background investigation.

5551.3. The department shall, to the extent that funds are
appropriated for this purpose, provide funding to the City and
County of Sacramento to implement this pilot program.

18 5551.4. (a) The department shall, in conjunction with the
19 Sacramento County Sheriff's Department and the Sacramento
20 City Police Department, report to the Legislature no later than
21 January 1, 2003, as to the effectiveness of the program and any cost
22 savings to law enforcement.

23 (b) The department shall, in conjunction with the Sacramento County Sheriff's Department and the Sacramento City Police 24 25 Department, report to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2004, as to the effectiveness of the program, any cost savings to 26 27 law enforcement, a recommendation as to whether the program should be continued, and a recommendation as to how the program 28 29 may be implemented in other counties if it is recommended that it 30 be continued in Sacramento County.

31 SEC. 4. It is the intent of the Legislature that the sum of five

32 million three hundred seventy thousand dollars (\$5,370,000) be

33 appropriated in the Budget Act, as follows, for purposes of Chapter

34 7 (commencing with Section 5551) of Part 1 of Division 5 of the

35 Welfare and Institutions Code:

36 (a) Two million dollars (\$2,000,000) for the first year of the 37 program.

38 (b) One million six hundred fifty thousand dollars 39 (\$1,650,000) for the second year of the program.

AB 1566

(c) One million seven hundred twenty thousand dollars
 (\$1,720,000) for the third year of the program.

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